

Criteria C

Introduction

I have utilized Netbeans to work on this project. Primarily, I used Java's Graphical User Interface (GUI) in order to create what my client asked for. The basic functions of this program is similar as an actual paper note. For example, my client is a tutor; therefore, this program allows him to keep track on the fundamental informations of his students such as fullname, nickname, grade, start date, etc. Difference is that it has sorting and searching function. Client can find specific student's information by just type in full name or nickname.

Summary List of All Techniques

Major Technique (client visible technique)

- Searching
- Sorting
- Java GUI

Minor Technique (client invisible technique)

- for loop
- if statement
- Get and Set method
- Multiple class (superclass and subclass)
- Error handling
- ArrayList
- Array of the object
- Conversion of String ↔ Int
- if else
- Pop up
- Use of flag value
- Selection sort
- Linear search
- Encapsulation

Algorithm Overview

1: Get all student's information from the text field located in add new student panel to the other jTable.

```
String gender = "Female";
if (radioMale.isSelected())
{
gender = "Male";
}

// select the selected grade from combo box
String grade = "";
grade = gradeBox.getSelectedItem() + "";

// display start date in form of : month / day / year
String startday = (String) dayBox.getSelectedItem();
String startmonth = (String) monthBox.getSelectedItem();
String startyear = (String) yearBox.getSelectedItem();

String startDate = "" + startmonth + "/" + startday + "/" + startyear;

// Retrieve input → add to the table
students.add(new StudentClass(fullNameTF.getText(),
    nicknameTF.getText(),
    nationalityTF.getText(),
    gender, grade, startDate,
    subjectTF.getText(),
    recommendTF.getText()));

counter++;

// indicate the row
for (int i = 0; i < counter; i++) {
mainTable1.setValueAt(students.get(i).getfullName(), i, 0);
mainTable1.setValueAt(students.get(i).getnickName(), i, 1);
mainTable1.setValueAt(students.get(i).getnationality(), i, 2);
mainTable1.setValueAt(students.get(i).getgender(), i, 3);
mainTable1.setValueAt(students.get(i).getgrade(), i, 4);
mainTable1.setValueAt(students.get(i).getsubject(), i, 5);
mainTable1.setValueAt(students.get(i).getstartDate(), i, 6);
mainTable1.setValueAt(students.get(i).getwhoRecommend(), i, 7);
} // move to next row
```

```
DefaultTableModel model = (DefaultTableModel) mainTable1.getModel();
model.addRow(new Object[] {null, null, null, null, null, null, null, null, null, null, null, null, null});
```

```
//reset the textfield to blank
fullNameTF.setText("");
nicknameTF.setText("");
subjectTF.setText("");
recommendTF.setText("");
nationalityTF.setText("");
```

```
//reset RadioButton and ItemBox
gradeBox.setSelectedIndex(0);
monthBox.setSelectedIndex(0);
dayBox.setSelectedIndex(0);
yearBox.setSelectedIndex(0);
```

```
// update the number of students
int numberOfStudent = counter;
displayTotalTF1.setText(Integer.toString(numberOfStudent));
displayTotalTF2.setText(Integer.toString(numberOfStudent));
```

```
radioMale.setSelected(true);
```

```
// sync mainTable1 and editTable1
SyncTable();
}
```

2: Sorting Table

```
String boxItem = (String) sortingBoxEdit.getSelectedItem();
```

```
// When inside of the box is " Alphabet "
if (boxItem.equals("Alphabet")) // if selected item in combo box is search by : Full Name
{
SortAndSearch s = new SortAndSearch();
s.selectionSortOfStudentName(students); // change row to the i / maybe row is better
```

```
if (students.size() <= editTable1.getRowCount()) {
for (int i = 0; i < students.size(); i++) {
    editTable1.setValueAt(students.get(i).getfullName(), i, 0);
    editTable1.setValueAt(students.get(i).getnickname(), i, 1);
    editTable1.setValueAt(students.get(i).getnationality(), i, 2);
```

```

        editTable1.setValueAt(students.get(i).getgender(), i, 3);
        editTable1.setValueAt(students.get(i).getgrade(), i, 4);
        editTable1.setValueAt(students.get(i).getsubject(), i, 5);
        editTable1.setValueAt(students.get(i).getstartDate(), i, 6);
        editTable1.setValueAt(students.get(i).getwhoRecommend(), i, 7);
    } // search the editTable1 and then display on table2
    }
}

```

3: Searching Table

```

String boxItem2 = (String) searchBoxEdit.getSelectedItemAt();

// Search by full name when box displays "Full Name"
if (boxItem2.equals("Full Name"))
{
    SortAndSearch s = new SortAndSearch();
    int result = s.searchByFullName(students, searchTF.getText());

    if (result == -1) {
        JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "No results found");
    } else {
        int secondCounter = 0;
        for (int i = 0; i < students.size(); i++) {

            if (students.get(i).getfullName().equals(searchTF.getText())) {
                editTable2.setValueAt(students.get(i).getfullName(), secondCounter, 0);
                editTable2.setValueAt(students.get(i).getnickname(), secondCounter, 1);
                editTable2.setValueAt(students.get(i).getnationality(), secondCounter, 2);
                editTable2.setValueAt(students.get(i).getgender(), secondCounter, 3);
                editTable2.setValueAt(students.get(i).getgrade(), secondCounter, 4);
                editTable2.setValueAt(students.get(i).getsubject(), secondCounter, 5);
                editTable2.setValueAt(students.get(i).getstartDate(), secondCounter, 6);
                editTable2.setValueAt(students.get(i).getwhoRecommend(), secondCounter, 7);
                secondCounter++;
            }
        }
    }
}
}

```

This applies for search by nickname and nationality

4: Retrieve all information for edit

```
updatePanel.setVisible(true);
panelSelect.setVisible(false);

// Display current student's information
DefaultTableModel model = (DefaultTableModel)editTable2.getModel();
int i = editTable2.getSelectedRow();

fullNameTF1.setText(model.getValueAt(i, 0).toString());
nicknameTF1.setText(model.getValueAt(i, 1).toString());
nationalityTF1.setText(model.getValueAt(i, 2).toString());

if (radioMale.isSelected()) {
    radioMale1.setSelected(true);
}
else
{
    radioFemale1.setSelected(true);
}

// get first two letter from the mm/dd/yyyy
String s = editTable2.getValueAt(i, 6).toString();
String upToCharacterMonth = "";
String upToCharacterDay = "";
String upToCharacterYear = "";
upToCharacterMonth = s.substring(1, Math.min(s.length(), 2)); // mm
upToCharacterDay = s.substring(3, Math.min(s.length(), 5)); // dd
upToCharacterYear = s.substring(6, Math.min(s.length(), 10)); // yyyy

gradeBox1.setSelectedItem(model.getValueAt(i, 4));
monthBox1.setSelectedItem(""+upToCharacterMonth);
dayBox1.setSelectedItem(""+upToCharacterDay);
yearBox1.setSelectedItem(""+upToCharacterYear);

subjectTF1.setText(model.getValueAt(i, 5).toString());
recommendTF1.setText(model.getValueAt(i, 7).toString());

}

private void updateNewButtonActionPerformed(java.awt.event.ActionEvent evt) {

// Update the selected row
```

```

DefaultTableModel model2 = (DefaultTableModel)editTable1.getModel();
DefaultTableModel model3 = (DefaultTableModel)mainTable1.getModel();
int i = editTable2.getSelectedRow();

String gender = "Female";
if (radioMale1.isSelected()) {
    gender = "Male";
}

// select the selected grade from combo box
String grade = "";
grade = gradeBox1.getSelectedItem() + "";

// display staart date in form of : month / day / year
String startday = (String) dayBox1.getSelectedItem();
String startmonth = (String) monthBox1.getSelectedItem();
String startyear = (String) yearBox1.getSelectedItem();

String startDate = "" + startmonth + "/" + startday + "/" + startyear;

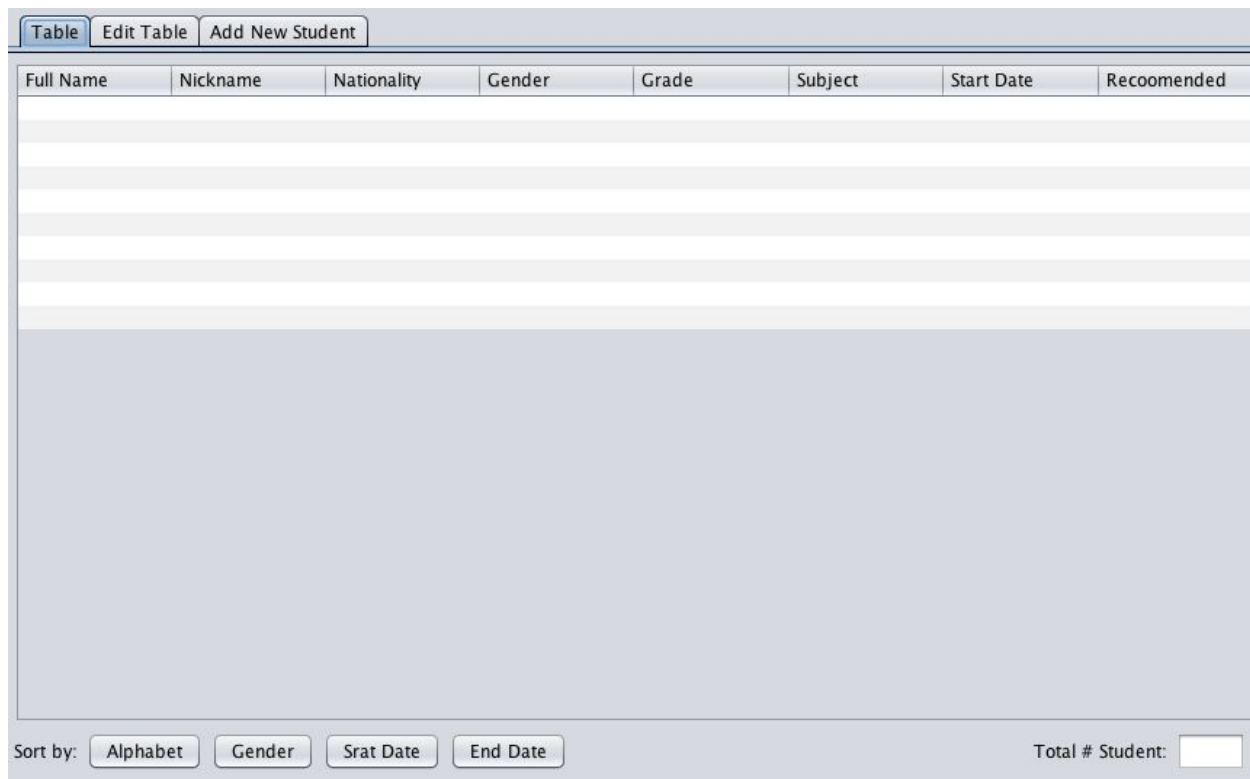
if ( i <= 0 )
{
    editTable2.setValueAt(fullNameTF1.getText(), i, 0);
    editTable2.setValueAt(nicknameTF1.getText(), i, 1);
    editTable2.setValueAt(nationalityTF1.getText(), i, 2);
    editTable2.setValueAt(""+gender, i, 3);
    editTable2.setValueAt(""+grade, i, 4);
    editTable2.setValueAt(subjectTF1.getText(), i, 5);
    editTable2.setValueAt(""+startDate, i, 6);
    editTable2.setValueAt(recommendTF1.getText(), i, 7);

}
updatePanel.setVisible(false);
panelSelect.setVisible(true);

```

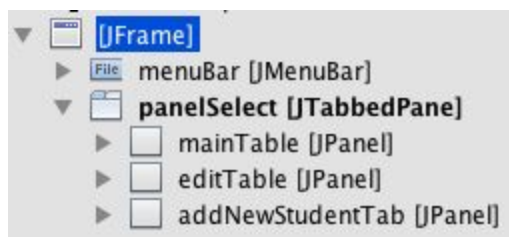
Structure of the Program

Figure 1: Main screen



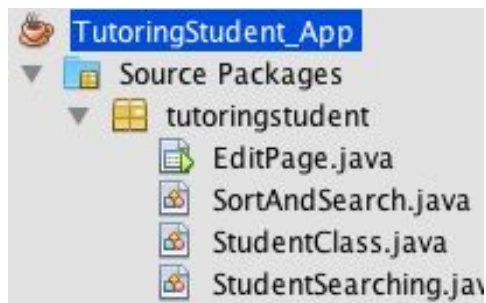
This is the main screen of this program. From the upper part of the figure 1, there are three tabs which user can selection either, just view table, edit table, or add new student to the table. Instead of using different jFrames, I used panels to simplify its codes.

Figure 2: JFrame and panels



Since all panels are included in one JFrame, I do not have to use multiple JFrame and codes that connects each jFrames. In other words, every codes written in this JFrame can be shared at any class in this JFrame.

Figure 3: Classes



I have used multiple class to create this program; therefore, it requires me to convert each class as object.

Figure 4: Create object in class

```
StudentClass studentsClass = new StudentClass();
```

This code is used in EditPage.java (figure3). Without using this object, all codes in StudentClass.java (figure3) can not be used in EditPage.java. It is possible to combine all class in EditPage.java, but this is more organized than stuffing all code in a one place.

Figure 5: Create object in class part 2

```
SortAndSearch s = new SortAndSearch();  
s.selectionSortOfStudentName(students);
```

This is the different code for creating an object in a class. I have used this to retrieve the a mechanism of searching and sorting from EditPage.java.

Overall, this is how each class are linked together.

The major reason why I have separated each mechanism in different classes is for simplicity. If all mechanisms are stuffed in one class, I have to keep track on all codes at one time when adding or deleting the codes. If there are errors, I need to look over how and why its occur. Encapsulating the logics, which means separating into small pieces, is more efficient than working on all codes at once.

Figure 6: List of logic contained in each class (Encapsulation)

- EditPage.java : GUI, the actual application.
- SortAndSearch.java : Logic of sorting / searching
- StudentClass.java : get and set method

This type of program is called Object-Oriented Programming (OOP). In my opinion, the special thing about OOP is encapsulation because dividing the program into small piece is very efficient and organize. I can avoid finding through every single lines to detect the mistakes. In addition, each classes are different thing. Hence any errors in one of the classes will not affected. So any errors in StudentClass.java does not directly affect on the codes written in EditPage.java.

Data Structure Used

Figure 1: ArrayList

```
ArrayList<StudentClass> students = new ArrayList<StudentClass>();
```

I used an ArrayList of students object. This object contains multiple attributes, which is the basic information of the students. For instance, full name, nickname, gender, grade, start date, nationality, subject of study, person who recommend.

Figure 2: Using ArrayList

```
SortAndSearch s = new SortAndSearch();  
int result = s.searchByFullName(students, searchTF.getText());
```

For example, when the client wants to search from the table, the comparison between input and student object is necessary.

Figure 3: Algorithm for searching

```
public int searchByNickName(ArrayList<StudentClass> students, String input)  
{  
    for ( int i = 0 ; i < students.size() ; i++)  
    {  
        if (students.get(i).getnickName().equalsIgnoreCase(input));  
        {  
            return i;  
        }  
    }  
    return -1;  
}
```

ArrayList(StudentClass) = students object. String input = searchTF.getText() = what user just typed in. This is comparison between full name of the student that is in students object and what user typed in.

Figure 4: Example of students object

# of student	Full name	NickName	Nationality	Grade	... and more
1st student	John Smith	John	USA	12	...
2nd student	Satou Hiroshi	Hiro	Japan	10	...
3rd student	Jungseung Kim	Kim	Korea	8	...

I used ArrayList because I wanted to store each students' information as sets. From figure 4, first row of ArrayList students (figure1) stores all information of 1st student's, which is John Smith. His nickname, nationality, grande, and more details are only available in this row. The second row of ArrayList students stores all information of 2ns student's, which is Satou Hiroshi. Again, his nickname, nationality, grade, and more details are only available in this row. This process would repeated as long as the client are adding new students.

Figure 5: Searching inside of ArrayList

The screenshot shows a search interface. On the left, there is a 'Find by:' dropdown menu with 'Full Name' selected. Below it is a text input field that is currently empty. A 'Search' button is located below the input field. On the right, there is a table with columns: Full Name, Nickname, Nationality, Gender, Grade, Subject, Start Date, and Recoome... The table is currently empty, and a vertical scrollbar is visible on the right side.

Assuming that my client want to get the information of Jungseung Kim, this is where ArrayList is useful.

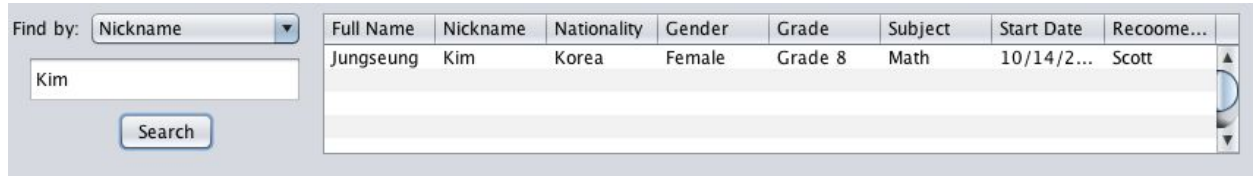
Figure 6

The screenshot shows the same search interface as Figure 5. The 'Find by:' dropdown menu now has 'Nickname' selected. The text input field now contains the text 'Kim'. The 'Search' button is still present. The table on the right remains empty, and the vertical scrollbar is still visible.

After client inputted Jungseung Kim's nickname "Kim" in a text field and then pressed Search button, this "Kim" will be compared with "Kim" that is stored in ArrayList somewhere. First, "Kim" would be compared with 1st ArrayList's nickname "John", which is wrong. Second, "Kim" would be compared with 2nd ArrayList's nickname "Hiro", which

is also wrong. Lastly, “Kim” would be compared with 3rd ArrayList’s nickname “Kim”, which is correct.

Figure 7: Result



The screenshot shows a search interface with a dropdown menu set to 'Nickname', a search input field containing 'Kim', and a 'Search' button. To the right is a table with the following data:

Full Name	Nickname	Nationality	Gender	Grade	Subject	Start Date	Recoome...
Jungseung	Kim	Korea	Female	Grade 8	Math	10/14/2...	Scott

As a result, 3rd ArrayList students will be appear on a table because this ArrayList contain what user is looking for while rest of ArrayList does not. Overall, every single line of Arraylist Student is the informations of the different students.

User Interface / How GUI Works

1) Main Page

The screenshot shows a web application interface for managing students. At the top, there are three buttons: "Table", "Edit Table", and "Add New Student". Below these is a table with the following columns: "Full Name", "Nickname", "Nationality", "Gender", "Grade", "Subject", "Start Date", and "Recoomended". The table body is currently empty. At the bottom of the interface, there are "Sort by:" buttons for "Alphabet", "Gender", "Srat Date", and "End Date". To the right of these buttons is a "Total # Student:" label followed by a small empty input field.

This is the main page.

2) Add information of students

The screenshot shows a form titled "Fill in the basic information of new student". The form contains the following fields and controls:

- Student Full Name:
- Student Nickname:
- Nationality:
- Gender: Male Female
- Grade:
- Start Date:
- Subject:
- Recommended by:

At the bottom of the form, there are two buttons: "Add" and "Cancel".

This appears at “Add New Student” tab where client can input his student’s information.

3) Adding information of students

Main Table Edit Table **Add New Student**

Fill in the basic information of new student

Student Full Name:

Student Nickname:

Nationality:

Gender: Male Female

Grade:

Start Date:

Subject:

Recommended by:

When user clicked Add button, all inputted information will be appear in Main Table.

Main Table **Edit Table** Add New Student

Full Name	Nickname	Nationality	Gender	Grade	Subject	Start Date	Recoomended
John Smith	John	USA	Male	Grade 12	Math	5/5/2013	Scott

Sort by:

Total # Student:

3) Edit Page Overview

Help Refresh Sort by: Alphabet Sort Total # Student: 3

Full Name	Nickname	Nationality	Gender	Grade	Subject	Start Date	Recoomended
William Alexa...	Alex	UK	Male	Grade 9	SAT	8/15/2012	Parent
Arif Mohammad	Arif	Pakistan	Male	Grade 12	English	7/18/2013	Kazuki
John Smith	John	USA	Male	Grade 12	Math	5/5/2013	Scott

Find by: Full Name

John Smith

Search

Full Name	Nickname	Nationality	Gender	Grade	Subject	Start Date	Recoome...
John Smith	John	USA	Male	Grade 12	Math	5/5/2013	Scott

This is the overview of the Edit Table tab. Upper part is for sorting. Bottom part is for searching. This photo have "Refresh button", but client is no longer require to press this button due to automation.

4) Sorting

Help Refresh Sort by: Alphabet Sort Total # Student: 1

Full Name	Nickname	Nationality	Gender	Grade	Subject	Start Date	Recoomended
John Smith	John	USA	Male	Grade 12	Math	5/5/2013	Scott

At "Edit Table" tab, the other table will appear. Once user clicked Refresh button, all information from Main Table would appear in this page. Where user can sort and search. The table will be sorted by alphabetical order, nickname, grade, gender, etc.

Help Refresh Sort by: Alphabet Sort Total # Student: 3

Full Name	Nickname	Nationality	Gender	Grade	Subject	Start Date	Recoomended
William Alexa...	Alex	UK	Male	Grade 9	SAT	8/15/2012	Parent
Arif Mohammad	Arif	Pakistan	Male	Grade 12	English	7/18/2013	Kazuki
John Smith	John	USA	Male	Grade 12	Math	5/5/2013	Scott



Help Refresh Sort by: Alphabet Sort Total # Student: 3

Full Name	Nickname	Nationality	Gender	Grade	Subject	Start Date	Recoomended
Arif Mohammad	Arif	Pakistan	Male	Grade 12	English	7/18/2013	Kazuki
John Smith	John	USA	Male	Grade 12	Math	5/5/2013	Scott
William Alexa...	Alex	UK	Male	Grade 9	SAT	8/15/2012	Parent

Sorted.

5) Searching

Find by: Full Name

John Smith

Search

Full Name	Nickname	Nationality	Gender	Grade	Subject	Start Date	Recoome...

In this text field, user can search student's information by type in full name. The client can switch between full name and other conditions.

Find by: Full Name

John Smith

Search

Full Name	Nickname	Nationality	Gender	Grade	Subject	Start Date	Recoome...
John Smith	John	USA	Male	Grade 12	Math	5/5/2013	Scott

If inputted name does exist in ArrayList, the result will appear.

Software Tools Used : NetBeans

According to techpedia:

NetBeans is an open-source integrated development environment (IDE) for developing with Java, PHP, C++, and other programming languages. NetBeans is also referred to as a platform of modular components used for developing Java desktop applications (techpedia).